



تعداد سوالات: تستی: ۴۰ تشریحی: --

نام درس: فنون یادگیری زبان

رشته تحصیلی/ کد درس: مترجمی زبان انگلیسی (۱۲۱۲۰۵۰) آموزش زبان انگلیسی (ناپیوسته) (۱۲۲۵۱۱۲) زبان وادبیات انگلیسی (۱۲۱۲۱۱۰)

مجاز است.

استفاده از:

SELECT THE BEST ITEM (a, b, c or d) AND MARK IT ON YOUR ANSWER SHEET.

1. By having inside motivation, like , you can improve your English successfully.
a. grades b. goals c. hopes d. degrees
2. A student can remove some when he chooses his study place and time very carefully.
a. concentrations b. distractions
c. motivations d. relaxations
3. When a dictionary is new, accurate and complete, it has the
a. recency b. authority
c. abridgements d. unabridgements
4. A: I can't find any entry about Jones, William S.
B: Of course, you should find it through
a. directory style b. personal order
c. guide words d. common spelling
5. In "reference" we have one "r" and in "referred" we have two after adding a suffix. This happened because of
a. suffix nature b. stress shifting
c. consonant nature d. stress
6. Which one of the followings is according to correct syllable division?
a. tea.ching b. all.ey
c. lan.guage d. e.go
7. In addition to general information about an entry word, like spelling, meaning etc., some dictionaries include information.
a. miscellaneous b. mythological c. literary d. reference
8. In a word like "ultramodern", its means
a. suffix / behind b. affix / across
c. root / before d. prefix / beyond
9. Which one of the following sets is making nouns into adjectives?
a. -al, -y, -ence b. -less, -al, -y
c. -ly, -ent, -ish d. -like, -less, -ity
10. Which of the following suffixes have multifunction?
a. -al, -ment, -y b. -ly, -aly, -ure
c. -y, -al, -ly d. -ish, -ly, -or



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مجاز است.

استفاده از:

11. In "chromogram" the stem "chromo-", means:
a. color b. time c. world d. sound
12. The safest way to interpret the meaning of an unfamiliar word is using
a. the context clue b. the word elements
c. an interpreter d. a dictionary
13. If someone wants to fix a word in his memory, he must use it
a. loudly b. speedily c. passively d. actively
14. When similar things are grouped together in writing, they are
a. selected b. outlined c. emphasized d. simplified
15. Seeing each heading quickly and knowing how it relates to what is before or after it is the purpose of
a. indication b. organization c. indention d. dictation
16. For expository writing an outline is
a. indispensable b. comprehensive
c. evaluated d. argumentative
17. For having a good reading, increasing peripheral vision is needed.
a. average b. comprehension
c. speed d. exercise
18. Vocalizing and are two main causes for slow reading.
a. modification b. stopping
c. regression d. loudness
19. For improving your reading speed, you should try to read words and then phrases
a. horizontally b. diagonally
c. normally d. vertically
20. According to the writer's chosen pattern the idea is stated in a paragraph.
a. superior b. controlling
c. common d. mixed
21. In analysis paragraphs, the writer uses organization to show generals first and then particulars.
a. deductive b. conclusive
c. step-by-step d. contrastive
22. There is a kind of similarity between paragraphs of and all of the other paragraphs.
a. analogy b. description
c. definition d. comparison



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مجاز است.

استفاده از:

23. The greatest number of differences between British and American English occur in the area of

- a. pronunciation
- b. grammar
- c. communication
- d. vocabulary

24. "Despite the fierce sandstorm, the caravan moved on."

In the above sentence, the two parts of it

- a. don't have any relation
- b. are joined with a connective
- c. signal of a result
- d. have no reference order

25. "Accordingly", "afterwards", and "of course" are examples for , , connectives respectively.

- a. result / time sequence / miscellaneous
- b. contrast / addition / and of series
- c. cause / series / miscellaneous
- d. opposition / sequence / series

26. While reading, one can locate specific information by

- a. skipping
- b. reciting
- c. skimming
- d. summarizing

27. At the end of many textbooks or chapters technical terms or special words are presented in

- a. index
- b. contents
- c. bibliography
- d. glossary

28. After reading your study material, in order to consolidate the information you have read, summarize the important points by

- a. reviewing
- b. questioning
- c. reciting
- d. surveying

29. When reading we can see an abbreviation like to refer to a footnote which has been referred to before.

- a. op. cit.
- b. Ibid.
- c. P.vi
- d. par

30. One of the most common aids to reading and interpretation which is useful for quick reference through careful reading are the

- a. maps
- b. tables
- c. graphs
- d. diagrams

31. The most versatile form of making notes is a(n), indicating logical divisions and developments of important points.

- a. summary
- b. outline
- c. question
- d. answer

32. In making notes, the relative abbreviations for "about" and "with" are as follows respectively.

- a. ca , \bar{c}
- b. ac , ca
- c. \bar{c} , ca
- d. ac , \bar{c}

