

\* دانشجوی گرامی: لطفاً، گزینه ۱ را در قسمت کد سری سؤال برگه پاسخنامه خود، علامت بزنید.  
بدیهی است، مسئولیت این امر برعهده شما خواهد بود.  
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**Directions: choose the correct item to fill the blanks or the meanings for the underlined parts.**

- When different people give the same report, it can be called a(an)..... report.  
a. objective                      b. subjective                      c. verbal                      d. cognitive
- Before he accepted my suggestion, he asked for some time to ..... on it.  
a. speculate                      b. emulate                      c. reflect                      d. stimulate
- The ability to know that an object's size does not change. although its condition may change is called ..... constancy.  
a. perceive                      b. perception                      c. perceptually                      d. perceptual
- Most of the behaviorist's ideas about learning are..... from animals to man.  
a. permeated                      b. extrapolated                      c. analyzed                      d. introspected
- B.F Skinner is one of the most influential psychologists both in his effect on psychology and in his strong influence on some other field of science.  
a. impact                      b. attain                      c. function                      d. observation
- one of the important factors in ..... learning is paying attention to the appropriate model.  
a. observe                      b. observation                      c. observer                      d. observational
- The end of ..... is marked by the relative completion of growth.  
a. alcoholism                      b. aggression                      c. adolescence                      d. childhood
- Abnormal psychology may not help someone who .....  
a. is an alcoholic                      b. is mentally retarded  
c. uses drugs                      d. has emotional problems
- Student who have positive ..... are more likely to try to overcome the negative effects of taking risks.  
a. self-concept                      b. prejudice                      c. drug abuse                      d. heredity

10. The term stereotype is frequently used to describe the ..... reactions show by an individual.

- a. hereditary      b. criminal      c. progressive      d. prejudiced

11. A vocational guidance counselor can tell a person which job to choose

- a. clinical      b. educational      c. related to a job      d. psychoanalytic

12. Sigmund Freud can be called the first .....

- a. psychoanalytically      b. psychoanalytic  
c. psychoanalyze      d. psychoanalyst

13. Behaviorists believed that the only way to make psychology scientific was to ..... methods used in chemistry and physics.

- a. speculate      b. analyze      c. emulate      d. perceive

14. There is ..... among different sub-fields of developmental psychology because they are all related.

- a. distinction      b. overlap      c. challenge      d. deviance

15. Beethoven had an inborn talent for music.

- a. regressive      b. random      c. clinical      d. natural

16. His ..... behavior showed no sign of his mental disorder .

- a. regression      b. random      c. overt      d. fluctuatingly

17. They have controlled the ..... of the value of gold.

- a. fluctuation      b. fluctuate      c. fluctuating      d. fluctuatingly

18. The lack of education may not let one's intelligence have strong .....

- a. conception      b. expression      c. genes      d. genotype

19. An individual's ..... are all the characteristics that show or are measurable.

- a. phenotype      b. genotype      c. analogy      d. polygenic

20. Unlike psychology, physics generally deals with forces that act on ..... objects.

- a. sensory      b. mature      c. concrete      d. abstract

21. Massage helps to reduce the ..... in the muscles of the body.

- a. analogy      b. expression      c. course      d. tension

22. most ..... cells are located in almost protected Position in the body.  
a. overt                      b. sensory                      c. genetic                      d. verbal
23. Physical, social-emotional and cognitive change are all .....  
a. fluctuated                      b. interconnected                      c. assimilated                      d. conceptualized
24. It is very difficult to measure ..... qualities such as honesty, love, kindness etc.  
a. abstract                      b. curiosity                      c. prejudice                      d. overt
25. It is ..... that he could not pass the exam, because he had prepared himself well enough.  
a. conditioned                      b. prejudiced                      c. curious                      d. salivary
26. When a dictionary is not available, we should try to guess the meaning of a word from the .....  
a. context                      b. suppression                      c. analogy                      d. organism
27. He was really ..... when he found out that he didn't have enough money to pay for his lunch.  
a. suppressed                      b. refrained                      c. associated                      d. embarrassed
28. He was pale with fatigue after two sleepless nights.  
a. puberty                      b. happy                      c. great tiredness                      d. performance
29. Our conclusion was reached by ....., not by direct evidence.  
a. infer                      b. inference                      c. inferential                      d. extension
30. The capacity of our memory can be ..... by practising regularly.  
a. reinforced                      b. conditioned                      c. fatigued                      d. extended
31. As his anger was not ....., I decided not to argue with him.  
a. suppress                      b. infer                      c. imply                      d. evoke
32. Hunger, thirst and the need for air are some of our survival .....  
a. emotions                      b. motives                      c. validation                      d. intensity
33. A teacher should ..... his method when he teaches students of different ages and different backgrounds.  
a. regard                      b. exclude                      c. maintain                      d. vary
34. It is much easier to ..... children to our will than adults.  
a. delegate                      b. turn out                      c. bend                      d. persist

35. The need to experience attachment to others through friendship, sociability or group membership is called the need for ..... .
- a. power                      b. affiliation                      c. achievement                      d. leadership
36. We usually develop our need to ..... because of social approval of success or the punishment of failure.
- a. delegate                      b. energy                      c. vary                      d. achieve
37. It is not advisable to spend our time and energy on goals that are not ..... .
- a. achievable                      b. prestigious                      c. exclusive                      d. stable
38. He could not move his legs because the car accident had ..... Him from waist down.
- a. generated                      b. achieved                      c. interpreted                      d. paralyzed
39. He ..... to me to keep quiet by holding his index finger in front of his nose.
- a. interpreted                      b. gestured                      c. paralyzed                      d. provided
40. One of the drawbacks of behaviorism was denying the concept of mind because a mind could not be observed.
- a. heuristics                      b. shortcuts                      c. problems                      d. subproblems