



عنوان درس: (کلیات زبان شناسی ۱، کلیات زبانشناسی ۱، کلیات زبانشناسی) (جبرانی

رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: مترجمی زبان انگلیسی ۱۲۱۲۰۵۶ - ، زبان و ادبیات انگلیسی ۱۲۱۲۱۱۱ - ، آموزش زبان انگلیسی ۱۲۲۵۱۴۱

1- Which of the following items is correct about onomatopoeic words such as “splash” and “buzz”?

1. They are arbitrary.
2. They echo natural sounds.
3. Some languages lack them.
4. They can't be learned easily.

2- What is another name for “voice box” that contains the vocal cords?

1. velum
2. pharynx
3. uvula
4. larynx

3- In which of the following sources of human speech, we deal with the innateness hypothesis?

1. the natural source
2. the physical adaptation source
3. the genetic source
4. the divine source

4- The property of language by which humans can refer to past and future times is called

1. displacement
2. arbitrariness
3. cultural transmission
4. productivity

5- Which of the following features belongs to animal communication?

1. open-endedness
2. duality
3. fixed reference
4. creativity

6- Which of the following writing systems uses the symbols to represent single sound types?

1. pictograms
2. ideograms
3. syllabic writing
4. alphabetic writing

7- Existing symbols are used to represent the sound of language through a process called writing.

1. rebus
2. cuneiform
3. logogram
4. character

8- Which branch of phonetics deals with the physical properties of speech as sound waves in the air?

1. perceptual
2. articulatory
3. acoustic
4. auditory

9- Which of the following sounds is described as “voiceless labiodental”?

1. [v]
2. [w]
3. [b]
4. [f]

10- The sound [h] which occurs at the beginning of “house” is described as

1. glottal
2. palatal
3. alveolar
4. velar



زمان آزمون (دقیقه): تستی: ۷۵ تشریحی: ۰

تعداد سوالات: تستی: ۳۰ تشریحی: ۰

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11-What are the members of the class "liquids"?

1. [m, n] 2. [t, d] 3. [l, r] 4. [k, g]

12-If you pronounce the word "butter" in a way that is close to "budder", then you are making a

1. glide 2. flap 3. liquid 4. stop

13-Which of the following words contains a schwa?

1. again 2. caught 3. throw 4. but

14-The process of aspiration can be observed in the pronunciation of [t] sound in

1. eighth 2. star 3. team 4. write

15-What is the most common type of syllable in language?

1. CVV 2. V 3. CV 4. CVC

16-There is typically no [d] sound included in the everyday pronunciation of a word like "friendship". This process is called

1. co-articulation 2. assimilation 3. lateralization 4. elision

17-New words based on the name of a person or a place are called

1. neologisms 2. eponyms 3. acronyms 4. compounds

18-Which of the following items is used for describing conversion?

1. The function of a word is changed.
2. New words are formed from the initial letters of other words.
3. Syllables of a word are reduced to form a shorter word.
4. Two separate forms are combined to form a new word.

19-Another name for "loan translation" is

1. hypocorism 2. coinage 3. backformation 4. calque

20-Conjunctions, prepositions, articles and pronouns belong to morphemes.

1. derivational 2. functional 3. inflectional 4. lexical

21-What is the name for two actual forms "-s" and "-es" that are used to realize the inflectional morpheme "plural"?

1. phoneme 2. allomorph 3. morph 4. phone



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22- Which of the following analyses investigates the distribution of forms in a language?

- | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------|
| 1. descriptive | 2. prescriptive |
| 3. immediate-constituent | 4. structural |

23- Which of the following sentences contains a structural ambiguity?

- | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| 1. Cathy knew that Mary helped George. | 2. The small dog chased the cat. |
| 3. Annie watched a man with an umbrella. | 4. The window was broken by Charlie. |

24- Which of the following items introduces a complement phrase (CP)?

- | | | | |
|-------|---------|---------|---------|
| 1. in | 2. that | 3. with | 4. only |
|-------|---------|---------|---------|

25- In syntax, which of the following functions is performed by using round brackets or parentheses written as “()”?

- | | |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| 1. ungrammaticality | 2. selectivity |
| 3. optionality | 4. exceptionality |

26- What is the role of “the boy” in the sentence “The boy feels sad”?

- | | | | |
|----------------|----------|---------------|------------|
| 1. experiencer | 2. agent | 3. instrument | 4. patient |
|----------------|----------|---------------|------------|

27- What is the theme in the sentence “She handed the magazine back to George”?

- | | | | |
|--------|-----------------|---------|-----------|
| 1. She | 2. the magazine | 3. back | 4. George |
|--------|-----------------|---------|-----------|

28- The semantic relation between “flower” and “rose” is called

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|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 1. synonymy | 2. homonymy | 3. polysemy | 4. hyponymy |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|

29- Which of the following sets displays a case of homophones?

- | | | | |
|---------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| 1. mole/ soul | 2. pail/ pale | 3. shoot/ stab | 4. animal/ dog |
|---------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|

30- What a speaker assumes is true or known by a listener can be described as a(n)

- | | | | |
|--------------|-------------|-----------|-------------------|
| 1. inference | 2. anaphora | 3. deixis | 4. presupposition |
|--------------|-------------|-----------|-------------------|