



تعداد سوالات: تستی: ۳۰ تشریحی: --

نام درس: کلیات زبان شناسی ۱

رشته تحصیلی/ کد درس: زبان ادبیات انگلیسی ۱۲۱۲۱۱۱ - مترجمی زبان انگلیسی ۱۲۱۲۰۵۶

زما

مجاز است.

استفاده از:

1. What has caused the emergence of so many different speculations about the origin of human language?

- a. the long history of spoken language
- b. absence of direct physical evidence
- c. different religious viewpoints
- d. the discovery of artifacts relating to our ancestors' speech

2. Psammetichus' experiment with newborn babies was performed in a background of \_\_\_\_\_ source theory.

- a. divine
- b. natural sound
- c. physical adaptation
- d. genetic

3. Which is true about the physical adaptation of human beings for language in comparison to other primates?

- a. Human larynx rose to a higher position.
- b. Pharynx clarifies the sound produced in larynx.
- c. Human tongue is smaller and less muscular.
- d. Human beings are less likely to choke on a piece of food.

4. When we consider the differences between animal and human language, we are considering .....

- a. only informative signals.
- b. both informative and communicative signals.
- c. only communicative signals.
- d. informative signals in animals and communicative signals in humans.

5. The \_\_\_\_\_ of human language allows us to describe new situations and produce infinite number of novel utterances with the finite set of speech sounds.

- a. open-endedness
- b. arbitrariness
- c. displacement
- d. duality

6. The experiment with the bee hive at the foot of a radio tower showed that ....

- a. bees have no signal for location.
- b. bee language totally lacks displacement.
- c. bee language is not productive.
- d. bees cannot communicate distance.



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استفاده از:

7. To some extent, onomatopoeic words contradict the \_\_\_\_\_ of human language.

- a. displacement
- b. cultural transfer
- c. productivity
- d. arbitrariness

8. The results of the experiment with monkeys and chimpanzees are controversial because we cannot come up with a standard definition of \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. using language
- b. key properties of language
- c. sign language
- d. barest rudiments of language

9. What is true about cuneiform?

- a. It dates back to 3000 years ago.
- b. It had obvious connections to modern writing systems.
- c. It is the earliest writing for which we have evidence.
- d. It dates back to 10000 years ago.

10. The distinction between pictograms and ideograms is essentially a difference in \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. the meanings they convey.
- b. the relation between symbol and entity.
- c. the extent of meanings.
- d. their shapes.

11. Which of the following is **not** an example of a phonographic system?

- a. logogram
- b. alphabetic writing
- c. syllabic writing
- d. rebus

12. Which of the following words ends in a voiceless alveolar fricative sound?

- a. box
- b. those
- c. truth
- d. bathe

13. All of the following words end in sounds with the same manner of articulation **EXCEPT** .....

- a. rouge
- b. change
- c. rose
- d. harsh

14. Which of the following speech sounds is non-existent in English?

- a. a voiceless nasal
- b. a voiceless stop
- c. a velar stop
- d. a palatal fricative

15. Which of the following words begins with a liquid alveolar?

- a. wrestle
- b. worm
- c. knock
- d. yes



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مجاز است.

استفاده از:

16. Which of the following sets of phonemes form a natural class?

- a. [t, d, f]      b. [s, l, m]      c. [p, f, s]      d. [j, w, t<sub>r</sub>]

17. The non-existing word forms in a language which are phonetically possible are called .....

- a. minimal pairs      b. accidental gaps  
c. phonetic units      d. free morphemes

18. The expression “نقطه نظر” seems to be a \_\_\_\_\_ for the English “point of view”.

- a. eponym      b. calque      c. clipping      d. blending

19. The most common and the least common word formation processes in English are \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ respectively.

- a. coinage / derivation      b. conversion / derivation  
c. conversion / coinage      d. derivation / coinage

20. How many functional morphemes are there in the following sentence?

“When he arrived, the old man found an umbrella and a large plastic bag full of books.”

- a. 7      b. 9      c. 10      d. 5

21. In different languages pluralization may be realized in different ways. Which of the following is not a probable way for pluralization?

- a. reduplication      b. elision      c. infixing      d. prefix shift

22. Which of the following does not impose agreement in Persian?

- a. person      b. gender      c. number      d. tense

23. Which of the following sentences would be generated after applying the rule:

NP Aux VP → Aux NP VP

- a. John will follow Mary.  
b. You know that Cathy helped the boy.  
c. Are you a student?  
d. Should you believe that Mary saw it?



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**مجاز است.**

### استفاده از:

24. Following is a table showing the crucial semantic features of some entities called X, Y, Z and W. Given a normal world, which of the following sentences is semantically odd?

	X	Y	Z	W
animate	+	-	+	+
human	+		-	+
female	+		-	-
adult	-		+	+

- |                              |                           |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| a. X is eating Z.            | b. Z is looking for W.    |
| c. Y had to accept the plan. | d. W is working like a Y. |

25. You may remember concepts such as freedom, freshness and the like when you hear the word **window**. These are parts of the \_\_\_\_\_ meaning of that word.

- a. conventional      b. objective      c. associative      d. conceptual

26. What are the thematic roles of the underlined entities in the order they appear in the following sentences?

"I was answering the **test** when I noticed a **mistake** in the second **page**.

- experiencer, patient, agent, theme, location
- agent, patient, agent, patient, goal
- agent, theme, experiencer, patient, location
- experiencer, patient, experiencer, goal, location

27. Which of the following antonymous pairs consists of reversives?

- a. male/ female      b. dead / alive      c. long / short      d. give / take

28. When you define stool as “something like a chair”, you are explaining its meaning in terms of.....

- a. semantic features                      b. synonymy  
c. hyponymy                                d. prototypes

29. The study of \_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_ meaning is called pragmatics.

- a. invisible \ dictionary  
c. conceptual \ associative

30. A/An \_\_\_\_\_ is additional information used by the listener to create a connection between what is said and what must be meant.

- a. reference      b. inference      c. anaphora      d. presupposition