



زمان آزمون (دقیقه): تستی: ۷۵ تشریحی: ۰

تعداد سوالات: تستی: ۳۰ تشریحی: ۰

عنوان درس: (کلیات زبان شناسی ۱، کلیات زبانشناسی ۱، کلیات زبانشناسی) (جبرانی)

رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: مترجمی زبان انگلیسی ۱۲۱۲۰۵۶ - زبان و ادبیات انگلیسی ۱۲۱۲۱۱۱ - آموزش زبان انگلیسی ۱۲۲۵۱۴۱

1- It is said that all modern languages have some words with pronunciation that seem to echo naturally occurring sounds. These words are ----- words.

1. human-made      2. onomatopoeic      3. skeptical      4. divine

2- Children acquire their first language in a ----- environment.

1. productive      2. genetic      3. controversial      4. cultural

3- The -----, marked on clay tablets 5000 years ago in Sumer is a clear evidence for the earliest form of writing.

1. cuneiform      2. pictograms      3. rebus writing      4. Cyrillic

4- Which of the following sounds are bilabial?

1. f, s, g, w      2. p, b, m, w      3. t, d, p, v      4. l, n, r, b

5- What is the semantic roles of the noun phrases in the following sentence respectively?

*Mary saw a fly on the wall.*

1. agent, theme, source      2. agent, patient, location  
3. experiencer, theme, location      4. experiencer, patient, goal

6- The initial sound in 'clock' is described as -----.

1. voiced, palatal, stop      2. voiceless, alveolar, fricative  
3. voiced, velar, stop      4. voiceless, velar, stop

7- To produce -----, a long word is reduced to a single syllable, then -y or -ie is added to the end.

1. hypocorism      2. backformation      3. coinage      4. borrowing

8- The human ----- contains the vocal cords.

1. resonator      2. larynx      3. nasal cavity      4. pharynx

9- Which one is related to the abstract or mental aspect of the sounds of a given language rather than their actual physical articulation?

1. phonetics      2. phonology      3. syntax      4. morphology

10- The process of making one sound almost at the same time as the next sound is known as -----.

1. co-articulation      2. anticipation  
3. consonant cluster      4. minimal pair



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11-The English words *smog*, *smurk*, and *motel* are made by means of a process called -----.

1. clipping
2. coinage
3. blending
4. compounding

12-The words *CD*, *VCR*, *Nato* in English exemplify -----.

1. conversion
2. acronym
3. derivation
4. blending

13-The innateness hypothesis seems to point to something in human -----.

1. culture
2. environment
3. genetics
4. power

14-Languages are passed on from one generation to the next. This is called -----.

1. communicative experience
2. communicative signal
3. gestural form
4. cultural transmission

15-Which of the following statements is True?

1. Modern Chinese writing system is largely alphabetic
2. Pictograms do not represent words or sounds in a particular language
3. When symbols are used to represent ideas in a language they are called logograms.
4. Cyrillic is a logographic writing system.

16-The initial sound of *whose* is a -----.

1. voiceless glottal
2. voiced velar
3. voiceless bilabial
4. voiced alveolar

17-Phonologists are interested in describing the ----- of speech sounds.

1. articulation
2. production
3. patterns
4. pronunciation

18-One of the English possible ----- is the combination /str/.

1. nucleus
2. coda
3. rhymes
4. consonant clusters

19-Those morphemes that carry the content of the message we convey are called -----.

1. lexical morphemes
2. bound morphemes
3. functional morphemes
4. derivational morphemes

20-The actual forms used to realize morphemes are known as -----.

1. allomorphs
2. morphs
3. phones
4. phonemes



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21- There is no \_\_\_\_\_ in Persian language.

1. subject-verb agreement
2. grammatical gender
3. part of speech
4. grammatical category

22- Structural analysis concerning the distribution of forms in a language is a \_\_\_\_\_ approach.

1. prescriptive
2. statistical
3. descriptive
4. logical

23- The abstract level of structural organization in which all the elements determining structural interpretation are represented is called \_\_\_\_\_.

1. deep structure
2. structural analysis
3. generative grammar
4. surface structure

24- After words such as *believe* and *know*, the word that introduces a .....

1. noun phrase
2. verb phrase
3. complement phrase
4. topic phrase

25- .....are basic elements of meaning differentiating the meaning of each word in a language from every other word.

1. conceptual meanings
2. semantic features
3. conventional meanings
4. semantic roles

26- In which of the following lexical relations we are essentially concerned with some type of hierarchical relationship?

1. synonymy
2. antonymy
3. polysemy
4. hyponymy

27- Which of the following pairs are polysemous?

1. foot (of person) – foot (of bed)
2. lie (tell an untruth) – lie (be in a horizontal position)
3. bank (a financial institution) – bank (riverbank)
4. date (a point in time) – date (an edible thing)

28- The pair "know/ no" is the example of a \_\_\_\_\_.

1. homography
2. homonymy
3. synonymy
4. homophony

29- When we use a word or expression whose meaning entirely depends on the context in which it is used, we are actually using \_\_\_\_\_.

1. anaphora
2. reference
3. deixis
4. inference



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30- If you say "You left the door open," to someone who has just come in and you mean that the person should close the door, you are using \_\_\_\_\_.

1. indirect speech act
2. interrogative structure
3. direct speech act
4. declarative structure