



زمان آزمون (دقیقه): تستی: ۹۰ تشریحی: ۰

تعداد سوالات: تستی: ۳۰ تشریحی: ۰

عنوان درس: (زبان تخصصی اقتصاد، زبان خارجی ۲) زبان تخصصی

رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: علوم اقتصادی (اقتصاد نظری) (۱۲۱۲۲۰۶ - ، علوم اقتصادی (نظری) چندبخشی ۱۲۱۲۲۰۸

1-The individual decision collectively determine the economy's.....of resources.

1. accumulation 2. services 3. products 4. allocation

2-Thepower is being eroded because of inflation.

1. consumption 2. purchasing 3. bargaining 4. estimation

3-In the courses of time,..... became centered in particular gathering places called.....

1. trading/Markets 2. trading/Ware house
3. economy/Markets 4. money/Trade Unions

4-In some chinese restaurants.....cookies come with the meal.

1. fortunate 2. fortunes 3. fortunated 4. fortune

5-There is abundant evidence ofstable response patterns in human behavior.

1. income 2. price 3. budget 4. economic

6-.....is an asset that maintains value overtime.

1. The medium of exchange 2. Unit of account
3. A store of value 4. Standard of deferred payment

7-As the economic recession continued,many firms were forced into.....

1. elasticity 2. insolvency 3. inequity 4. arbitrage

8-.....is the relationship between spending on goods and services and the level of prices.

1. Aggregate supply 2. Supply shocks
3. Aggregate demand 4. Supply side

9-When the economy is booming,perhaps taxes should be.....or government spending cut to get back down to full employment.

1. stabilized 2. supplied 3. refrained 4. increased

10-Labor supply decisions affect theof individuals and,when aggregated,the welfare of the whole economy,in two ways.

1. number 2. perspective 3. well-being 4. skill

11-The term severance pay refers to a contractual method of improving the economic costs of permanent lay off by providing.....to workers.

1. compensation 2. wages 3. gains 4. capital



زمان آزمون (دقیقه): تستی: ۹۰ تشریحی: ۰

تعداد سوالات: تستی: ۳۰ تشریحی: ۰

عنوان درس: (زبان تخصصی اقتصاد، زبان خارجی ۲) زبان تخصصی

رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: علوم اقتصادی (اقتصاد نظری) ۱۲۱۲۲۰۶ - علوم اقتصادی (نظری) چندبخشی ۱۲۱۲۲۰۸

12-The simple search model assumed that search was such as to generate oneoffer per period.

1. equating 2. variability 3. job 4. net

13-If workers are inherently more risk averse than their employers then they will wish totheir consumption or their income.

1. join 2. insure 3. specify 4. refrain

14-The number of hours of labor supplied by an individual depends on the real he faces and on his.....of (real)non-labor income.

1. endowment 2. approaches 3. incentives 4. impact

15-A firm that is notthe marginal revenue product of each of its factor with that factor's price is not maximizing its profit.

1. reserved 2. added 3. equated 4. surpassed

16-Of the classical economists only John Mill and his son, J.S.Mill were.....

1. utilities 2. utilized 3. utilization 4. utilitarian

17-The banker was hesitant about giving a loan to the businessman because his project wasand there were no guarantees of success.

1. acceptable 2. intensive 3. accurate 4. speculative

18-.....has important economic effects on individuals and on economy and is a waste of social resources.

1. Racial entity 2. Racial discrimination
3. Racial encouragement 4. Racial prosperity

19-National income theory predicts that an increase in the government'swill increase the rate of tax.

1. economic deflation 2. economic resources
3. economic deficit 4. economic improvement

20-.....is also known as countercyclical, that is, policy to moderate the trade cycle or business cycle.

1. Stabilization policy 2. Policy of Laissez fair
3. Fiscal policy 4. Economic policy

21-.....means that society can not meet all the needs of all consumers.

1. Heterogeneity resource 2. Unexploited resource
3. Resource adjustment 4. Resource scarcity



زمان آزمون (دقیقه): تستی: ۹۰ تشریحی: ۰

تعداد سوالات: تستی: ۳۰ تشریحی: ۰

عنوان درس: (زبان تخصصی اقتصاد، زبان خارجی ۲) زبان تخصصی

رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: علوم اقتصادی (اقتصاد نظری) ۱۲۱۲۲۰۶ - علوم اقتصادی (نظری) چندبخشی ۱۲۱۲۲۰۸

22-A(n).....in an optimization problem, whose value is decided so as to optimize the value of the objective function can be defined as choice variable.

- | | | | |
|-------------|----------|---------|----------------|
| 1. variable | 2. value | 3. unit | 4. opportunity |
|-------------|----------|---------|----------------|

23-The best equivalent for "Laid-off workers" is..... .

- | | | | |
|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 1. کارگران فصلی | 2. کارگران مازاد | 3. کارگران بیکار | 4. کارگران ماهر |
|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|

24-The best equivalent for "reservation wage" is..... .

- | | | | |
|----------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 1. ضریب دستمزد | 2. اندوخته دستمزد | 3. برآورد دستمزد | 4. اصلاح دستمزد |
|----------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------|

25-The best equivalent for "disposable income" is..... .

- | | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| 1. درآمد تخمینی | 2. درآمد تصاعدی | 3. درآمد معاملاتی | 4. درآمد قابل تصرف |
|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------|--------------------|

26-The best equivalent of "money holding" is..... .

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 1. ضریب تکاثری پول | 2. پول در گردش | 3. پس انداز پول | 4. پرداخت معوق |
|--------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|

27-The best equivalent for "monopoly" is..... .

- | | | | |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|
| 1. هنجارگریزی | 2. انحصار | 3. اعتبار | 4. پول گرایی |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|

28-The best equivalent for "fluctuation" is..... .

- | | | | |
|----------|---------|---------|--------|
| 1. نوسان | 2. تورم | 3. رکود | 4. اوج |
|----------|---------|---------|--------|

29-The best equivalent for "discount rate" is..... .

- | | | | |
|--------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|
| 1. نرخ خزنده | 2. نرخ شناور | 3. نرخ های متقاطع | 4. نرخ تنزیل |
|--------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|

30-The best equivalent for "positive economics" is..... .

- | | | | |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|
| 1. اقتصاد هنجاری | 2. اقتصاد تحقیقی | 3. اقتصاد رقابتی | 4. اقتصاد کلان |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|