



زمان آزمون (دقیقه): تستی: ۹۰ تشریحی: ۰

تعداد سوالات: تستی: ۳۰ تشریحی: ۰

عنوان درس: (زبان تخصصی اقتصاد، زبان خارجی ۲) (زبان تخصصی)

رشته تحصیلی/گد درس: علوم اقتصادی (اقتصاد نظری) (۱۲۱۲۲۰۶ - علوم اقتصادی (نظری) چندبخشی ۱۲۱۲۲۰۸)

1-Our expenses should be reasonably related to our income.

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| 1. production | 2. profit | 3. savings | 4. earnings |
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2-Opportunity costs are measured in terms of forgone alternatives. "Forgone" means:

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| 1. inevitable | 2. former | 3. previous | 4. anticipated |
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3-There are several alternatives to this problem. "Alternatives" means:

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| 1. choices | 2. solutions | 3. answers | 4. results |
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4-When the purchasing power of the dollar decreases, we have

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| 1. deflation | 2. inflation | 3. recession | 4. unemployment |
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5-The stability of system affects the monetary and banking policies of the government.

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| 1. the political | 2. the private | 3. the standard | 4. the monetary |
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6-By what methods are goods and produced?

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| 1. decisions | 2. system | 3. services | 4. capacity |
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7-A fixed payment at regular intervals for services is called

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| 1. salary | 2. minimum wage | 3. compensation | 4. money |
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8-Government policies that are planned for a period of time in the future are called policies.

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| 1. short run | 2. trend | 3. tentative | 4. experimental |
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9-As an investor he is to invest in the new project and nothing will change his decision.

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| 1. determine | 2. determined | 3. to determine | 4. determination |
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10-As the economic recession continued, many firms were forced into insolvency.

"Insolvency" means:

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| 1. dissolved | 2. close down |
| 3. bankruptcy | 4. inability to pay debts |

11-Unemployment is a program to protect workers against complete loss of earnings in the event of unemployment.

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| 1. insure | 2. insured | 3. to ensure | 4. ensurance |
|-----------|------------|--------------|--------------|

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12-The phrase "rule of thumb" refers to

1. unsientific calculation
2. a rule based on exprience
3. invalid estimation
4. any method of estimating which is not precised

13-Monetary policy affects the stocks of money in society. " stock" means:

1. supply
2. storage
3. capital
4. exchange

14-Deflating the value of the dollar means more currency is needed to acquire goods.

"Deflating" means:

1. excluding
2. decreasing
3. reducing
4. contracting

15-The value of the flour, sugar, baking powder used in in baking a cake is not included in GNP since they are intermediate goods. " Intermediate goods" mean:

1. end products
2. production costs
3. different parts of an output
4. raw materials

16-The value of final goods and services produced is called ... product.

1. gross
2. value
3. spent
4. borrowed

17-"Budget deficit" means:

1. مالیات
2. استهلاك
3. كسرى بودجه
4. ارزش افزوده

18-"Gross domestic product" means:

1. هزینه عامل تولید
2. درآمد قابل استفاده
3. تولید ناخالص داخلی
4. سهمیه مصرفی

19-The accounting concept of ... views the purchase price of an asset as a prepaid operating expense.

1. earning
2. spending
3. monetary
4. depreciation

20-You must examine the economic situation in its ... , not just a part of it.

1. total
2. add
3. estimate
4. endow

21-The statement that $x+2y=7$ is an

1. endowment
2. estimation
3. reservation
4. equation

22-The ... of 5 and 3 gives you 8.

1. fraction
2. subtraction
3. addition
4. multiplication

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23- "Equilibrium" means:

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| 1. تخصیص | 2. بخشش | 3. تعادل | 4. تخمین |
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24- "Ceteris paribus" means:

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| 1. تاثیر مشخص | 2. عامل تولید |
| 3. ثابت بودن سایر شرایط | 4. عرضه کالا |

25- The intermediate stage in the chain of distribution between the manufacturer and the retailer is

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| 1. the wholesaler | 2. the middleman | 3. the distributor | 4. the supplier |
|-------------------|------------------|--------------------|-----------------|

26- A ... is the person who sells goods in large quantities.

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| 1. retailer | 2. wholesaler | 3. middleman | 4. shopkeeper |
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27- "employment" means:

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| 1. اشتغال | 2. کارفرما | 3. کارمند | 4. کارگر |
|-----------|------------|-----------|----------|

28- A person, business or firm that provides building materials or labor for building job is called

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| 1. employee | 2. employer | 3. protector | 4. contractor |
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29- "lifetime earnings" means:

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| 1. استخدام با حقوق کم | 2. بیکاری اصطکاکی | 3. درآمدهای مادام العمر | 4. ثبات نسبی حقوقی |
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30- At the equilibrium wage, the rate of unemployment is

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| 1. involuntary | 2. natural | 3. distressing | 4. inconsequential |
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