



نام درس: قرائت متون تاریخی به زبان خارجی (۲)

رشته تحصیلی و کد درس: تاریخ

۱۳۹۰/۰۳/۲۹

زمان آزمون: تستی: ۶۰ تشریحی: — دقیقه

آزمون نمره منفی دارد ○ ندارد ⊗

مجاز است.

استفاده از: —

کد سری سؤال: یک (۱)

امام علی (ع): برتری مردم به یکدیگر، به دانش‌ها و خردهاست؛ نه به ثروت‌ها و تبارها.

Part one: Vocabulary

Choose the best word to complete the sentences.

- Some members of the parliament support the ----- of death penalty. They are asking for an official end to it.
a. abolition
b. dilemma
c. discipline
d. administration
- During apartheid in South Africa, the majority of black people were victims of racial -----.
a. chronology
b. orientalism
c. discrimination
d. resilience
- Psycholinguistics is a(n) ----- field involving both linguistics and psychology.
a. parochial
b. narrative
c. intertwined
d. interdisciplinary
- Recent clashes have given new ----- to the problem of domestic violence. It has never been considered so important.
a. repression
b. perspective
c. mortality
d. prominence
- They refused to ----- the contents of the economic treaty signed yesterday. They are keeping them as a secret for some time.
a. reveal
b. prompt
c. intertwine
d. prioritize
- Improvements in medical care have brought about a decline in infant ----- . Nowadays, fewer babies die of diseases.
a. polarization
b. segregation
c. mortality
d. genealogy



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7. Eastern and Western cultures may ----- the same behavior differently. They have different values for what is right or wrong.

- a. thrive
- b. sustain
- c. segregate
- d. stigmatize

8. Following the earthquake, most of the people ----- their homes and fled to open areas. They had to leave their ruined homes.

- a. abandoned
- b. immobilized
- c. capitulated
- d. fragmented

9. They are attempting to ----- their restaurant into a location for business lunches.

- a. prevail
- b. penetrate
- c. mould
- d. manifest

10. During the period of Mongol raids, the ----- of the Ottoman Turks emerged in Anatolia.

- a. vicissitude
- b. principality
- c. assimilation
- d. allay

11. Overexposure to sunlight can have a(n) ----- effect on the skin. It might even cause skin cancer.

- a. orthodox
- b. detrimental
- c. patriotic
- d. provisional

12. The king's oldest son ----- the throne after his father was killed in the battle.

- a. asserted
- b. disposed
- c. assimilated
- d. ascended

13. In the past, the ----- played a determining role in winning a battle. Men on horses could better fight men on foot.

- a. immunity
- b. innovation
- c. cavalry
- d. archive



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14. During the Second World War, the use of atomic bombs was the turning point of the ----- against Japan.

- a. cease
- b. campaign
- c. refuge
- d. account

15. They had a very serious disagreement and this ----- among the rival groups resulted in a civil war.

- a. integrity
- b. exchequer
- c. synthesis
- d. dissention

16. The incompetent military leadership had ----- a once prosperous country. They are very poor now.

- a. penetrated
- b. moulded
- c. manifested
- d. impoverished

17. In developed countries, highly educated people enjoy a ----- position in society. They have many advantages.

- a. privileged
- b. cosmopolitan
- c. perspective
- d. polarized

18. The field of ----- has proved that there have been a number of empires throughout history.

- a. chronology
- b. archaeology
- c. ascendancy
- d. administration

19. Nero, the last emperor in the Julio-Claudian -----, assumed the throne in 54 and governed well in his early years.

- a. hegemony
- b. dynasty
- c. hostility
- d. immunity

20. People of Bam showed strong ----- after an earthquake destroyed and killed a large number of people. Soon afterwards, they started rebuilding the city.

- a. repression
- b. mortality
- c. resilience
- d. perspective



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Part Two: Farsi Equivalents

Choose the best Farsi equivalent for the underlined word.

21. In some countries, the president is the head of administration while in some others prime minister forms and leads the cabinet.

الف. دولت

ب. نظام

ج. مدیریت

د. هدایت

22. He is a successful entrepreneur because he has started with a small shop and now he runs a number of department stores.

الف. باستان شناس

ب. صنعتگر

ج. کارآفرین

د. متفکر

23. Following the savage repression in Beijing, Shanghai, and other cities, Deng Xiaoping appeared to be even more firmly in control.

الف. تباهی

ب. رشوه خواری

ج. سرکوب

د. خصومت

24. The rain had almost ceased by the time we left so we did not need an umbrella.

الف. تغییر کردن

ب. شدت یافتن

ج. آرام شدن

د. متوقف شدن

25. The symbiosis between the present and the previous generation has produced many new developments.

الف. تقابل

ب. هم زیستی

ج. فاصله

د. تفاوت



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Part Three: Reading comprehension**Read the following passage and answer the questions by choosing the best choice.**

To put it simply, world history is the story of connections within the global human community. The world Historian's work is to portray the crossing of boundaries and the linking of systems in the human past. The source material ranges in scale from individual family tales to migrations of peoples to narratives encompassing all humanity. World history is far less than the sum total of all history. Nevertheless, it adds to our accumulated knowledge of the past through its focus on connections among historical localities, time periods, and themes of study.

World history is new to most historians. Since it is not a small or simple terrain, the question "What is world history?" gets asked repeatedly. Some may pose the question out of suspicion or even hostility, but most who ask simply want to get beyond a vague sense of a field dealing with large expanses of time and space. They also want to learn a more specific way of dealing with immense topics in an orderly fashion. Defining world history requires clarifying such terms as *connections* and human *community*, and addresses the dilemma of depth and span in analyzing the past.

26. Which of the following is done by a historian?

- a. making connections with other historians
- b. showing the crossing of boundaries
- c. understanding global community
- d. linking human beings

27. Which of the following is a source material for the historian?

- a. migrations of peoples
- b. range of scales
- c. tales of other historians
- d. different kinds of people

28. In the sentence below, what does "its" refer to?

It adds to our accumulated knowledge of the past through its focus on connections among historical localities...

- a. accumulated knowledge
- b. world history
- c. focus
- d. connection



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29. Which of the following questions is asked many times?

- a. What is world history?
- b. What does history mean?
- c. Who is a historian?
- d. What is the scale of world history?

30. Which of the following should be clarified if we want to define world history?

- a. dilemma
- b. connections
- c. topics
- d. sense