

امام علی^(ع): شرافت به خرد و ادب است نه به دارایی و نژاد.

Answer the following questions by choosing the best choice.

1. What a journalist believes is interesting and important to readers regarding both past and future developments and it is called
a. topic b. journalism c. headlines d. the basic definitions of news
2. Which of the following is **FALSE** about reading the newspaper?
a. we all read it with almost the same effect.
b. we use different pieces of information to understand it.
c. our lifelong experience can help us read it better.
d. we sometimes need to interpret what we read.
3. Which of the following can be considered an example of what is called "hard news"?
a. a painting exhibition b. an editorial c. a new discovery d. an advertisement
4. If you need to know a newspaper's opinion about an important political event, you need to read
a. the hard news b. the editorial c. the special topic d. the main headline
5. What label is used for the section that presents stories that are prepared by reporters who try to find topics that are attractive for readers?
a. entertainment b. recreation c. commercials d. feature
6. A person who submits materials for publication is called a
a. commentator b. columnist c. contributor d. editor²⁷
7. It is assumed that the cognitive understanding and memory of news depend on the of its presentation.
a. regency b. content c. format d. interest
8. Which of the following statements is **FALSE** about headlines?
a. It needs to clarify the location of and the time of the event.
b. It densely summarizes and highlights the content of the article.
c. It contains enough signals to make effective guesses about the most important information of the text.
d. It abstracts main event of the story by referring to the accident as the agent.
9. Which of the following serves an important function in telling of news stories by reminding the reader the story started with certain people and organizations?
a. action b. attribution c. evaluation d. orientation

10. The following sentence contains an example of John Brown of the
 - a. modifier proposing
 - b. apposition
 - c. nominalization
 - d. use of adverbial
11. Which of the following contains an example of passivization?
 - a. china urged to curb inflation
 - b. IRA attack could be serious blow to peace process
 - c. china joint venture to flat education shares
 - d. assault-weapon ban
12. What is the main reason for a journalist to present a headline in a question form?
 - a. To bring the reader to think and to participate in answering the question.
 - b. To imply that the content is rather difficult to understand.
 - c. To attract the readers' attention to the article.
 - d. To show that the writer does not know the answer.
13. A journalist might use apposition, nominalization, passivization and modifier preposing, etc to
 - a. imply that reading can be fun
 - b. show that he is neutral
 - c. make reading more interesting
 - d. make special effects
14. the use of enables the journalist to distance himself from inappropriate content and increase the reliability of the content.
 - a. direct quotation
 - b. modality
 - c. indirect quotes
 - d. questions
15. The use of can convince readers that they are not reading sensational gossip because they are provided with matter-of-fact and reliable information.
 - a. dates and locations
 - b. figures and numbers
 - c. personification
 - d. depersonalization
16. Which of the following is FALSE as one the abbreviation for famous publications?
 - a. AP
 - b. UPI
 - c. WP
 - d. NYN
17. What is the technique used in the following sentence?
Clinton Health Reforms Battered, But Still Alive.
 - a. personalization
 - b. depersonalization
 - c. personification
 - d. depersonification
18. Which of the following is FALS about an editorial?
 - a. It usually represents serious and formal writing.
 - b. It can influence the opinion of readers.
 - c. It is intended to change people's judgments.
 - d. It stays as neutral possible to be more effective.

19. Which of the following is TRUE about features?

- a. They are also called soft news.
- b. There are standard rules for feature article length.
- c. Feature writers avoid doing any research in their jobs.
- d. They are usually concerned with international affairs.

20. Which type of advertisement is designed to catch the eye of the reader and is usually printed in a separate section?

- a. free-standing inserts
- b. display ads
- c. housing ads
- d. general ads

Part two: Reading

Read the following passages and answer the questions.

Passage No. 1

School patrol to Hunt for weapons

Special police Team part of DC Mayor's Response to violence

A team of police officers and school security guards will begin unannounced searches of DC school students and their lockers to confiscate weapons, Mayor Sharon Pratt Kelly said yesterday.

The team of 21 officers and guards, to begin operation after two weeks of special training, will first target the most violent of the city's schools, according to school officials and police.

The search team is the second part of Kelly's response to 10 serious incidents of violence at DC schools since the start of the school year. Last Wednesday, the day a student was seriously wounded in a shooting at Eastern High School; Kelly joined school officials and police in announcing that the city would assign 60 police officers to supplement the 38 already patrolling at junior high and high schools.

Under the plan announced yesterday, the search team will begin its work by establishing a check-point somewhere in the school, near the cafeteria, for example. Members of the team will use hand-held metal detectors to search anyone passing that spot.

Signs will be posted at both ends of the search area to indicate what it is. Also two members of the unit sent to school will be assigned to accept any weapons that students wish to turn in voluntarily before they are discovered. Those students who surrender weapons would not be subject to arrest or school disciplinary procedures, school officials and police said.

Meanwhile, school guards on the team will search students' lockers and remove any weapons they find. Planners of the operation hope that by using school security rather than police officers, they will avoid questions about the legality of the searches.

21. What is the role of the subtitle "Special Police Team Part of DC Mayor's Response to Violence"?
- It elaborates the main title.
 - It modifies the main title.
 - It adds to the dimension of the title.
 - It creates some qualification for the title.
22. What is the main mission of the special police team?
- to follow the Mayor's response
 - to search students' lockers
 - to cooperate with school guards
 - to take away weapons
23. Which of the following is the authority that is the lead contains?
- Mayor Sharon Pratt Kelly
 - School security guards
 - DC school students
 - 21 police officers
24. What is the first part of the mayor's reaction to crimes at schools?
- search of students' lockers in order to confiscate weapons
 - joining school officials and the police force
 - ordering 60 officers to supplement previous forces
 - assigning 38 police officers to be present at schools
25. What is the first step in the plan announced yesterday?
- using hand-held metal detectors
 - searching anyone in the cafeteria
 - setting up a check-point
 - searching lockers
26. How are students encouraged to turn in their weapons?
- They can do it voluntarily.
 - They will face only disciplinary procedures.
 - They will face no charges or arrests.
 - They are allowed to surrender their weapons.
27. What might create questions with regard to the legality of the searches?
- Allowing students to turn in their weapons.
 - The cooperation of school security with police officers.
 - Removing any weapons from students' lockers.
 - The use of police officers to do the operation.

Passage No.2

Tough New Limits on Smoking Sought for New York City

The leadership of the City Council announced yesterday that it was seeking sweeping new restrictions on smoking in New York City, banning it in virtually all public places, from outdoor arenas and playgrounds to most restaurants and offices, except in enclosed, specially ventilated rooms.

The city already has smoking restrictions, passed in 1988, that require designated nonsmoking areas in restaurants and other public places and that limit smoking in the workplace. But the new legislation, introduced by Council Speaker Peter F. Vallone of Queens and for that reason very likely to be passed by the Council, would make New York one of the most smoking restricted cities in the nation.

28. Which of the following words can best replace the word "sweeping" in the first line?

- a. fast
- b. extensive
- c. important
- d. limited '

29. Where are smoker allowed to smoke?

- a. in special restaurants and offices
- b. in outdoor areas and playgrounds
- c. in rooms that enclosed and ventilated
- d. in special public places

30. What makes the new legislation likely to be passed?

- a. That it requires designated nonsmoking areas in restaurants.
- b. That it is introduced by Peter F. Vallone of Queens.
- c. That it is going to make New York a smoking free city.
- d. That it is the second smoking restriction law.