

امام علی^(ع): شرافت به خرد و ادب است نه به دارایی و نژاد.

1. What kind of imagery is incorporated in the following lines?

*The silver rain, the shining sun,
The fields when scarlet poppies run,*

- a. Visual b. Auditory c. Tactile d. Gustatory

2. What images do you see in the following lines?

*A little pig lived in a sty
As fat as he could be,
And when he asked for dinner,
He cried aloud, "Wee-Wee"*

- a. Auditory-tactile b. Gustatory-visual
c. Visual-auditory d. Visual-olfactory

3. In the following lines, who is "He"?

*He sees the cornfields waving,
Yellow and ripe and strong,
And so, his heart rejoicing,
He sings his harvest song.*

- a. God b. The poet c. Farmer d. Reader

4. What figure of speech is used in the following lines?

*The moon, like a flower
In heaven's high bower*

- a. Simile b. Personification c. Metaphor d. Irony

5. What does "God is anthropomorphized" mean? It means.....

- a. He is personified b. He is worshiped
c. He is imagined d. He is humanized

6. In the following lines "her" refers to what?

*First, April with mellow showers
Opens the way for early flowers;
Then after her comes smiling May,
In a more sweet and rich array,*

- a. array b. May c. April d. flowers

7. In the following lines the comparison is between.

*The farmer is busy, so busy, to-day,
Trying to gather in all his hey,
.....
Will you take, and toss, and turn the hay?*

-
Or – will – you – only – play?
a. Farmer & you b. Nature & play c. Work & play d. Village life & city life

8. What trope is used in the following lines for *cow* and *bird*?

*The gentle cow is glad
And the merry bird no sad*

- a. Simile b. Metaphor c. Personification d. Allusion

9. What kind of image is conveyed through *thought* and *delight* in the following lines,?

*I slept on the earth
In the silent night:
I murmured my thought,
And I felt delight*

- a. Visual b. Audio c. Tactile d. Abstract

10. What is the main trope in the following lines?

The night was creeping on the ground;

She crept and did not make a sound

Until she reached the tree, and then

She covered it, and stole again

Along the grass beside the wall

a. Personification b. Simile c. Metaphor d. Anthropomorphizing

11. What is the rhyming pattern of the following lines?

I saw the farmer plough the field.

And row on row

The furrows grow.

I saw the farmer plough the field,

And hungry furrows grow.

a. a b c d e b. a b b a b c. a b a c b c d. a b b b a

12. In "The Kitten at Play" by William Wordsworth what does conjurer mean?

...Like an Indian conjurer

Quick as he in feats of art,

a. Priest b. Salesman c. Artist d. Magician

13. In the metaphor used in the following lines

The wind has such a rainy sound

Moaning through the town,

The sea has such a windy sound

Will the ships go down?

a. Literal term and figurative term are named.
b. Literal term is named and figurative term is implied.
c. Literal term and figurative term are implied.
d. Literal term is implied and figurative is named.

14. What kinds of imagery are incorporated in the following lines?

My clothes are soft and warm,

Fold upon fold,

But I'm so sorry for the poor

Out in the cold

a. Gustatory-visual

b. Olfactory-abstract

c. Tactile-abstract

d. Tactile-gustatory

15. Misty in the second line should mean.....

Is the moon tired?

She looks so pale

Within her misty veil;

She scales the sky from east to west,

And takes no rest

a. Lucid

b. Bright

c. Ill

d. Indistinct

16. In "The Lamb" by William Blake, what does the lamb stand for?

a. Animal - nature

b. Christ - innocence

c. Christ - nature

d. Child - innocence

17. What is the difference between an image and a symbol?

a. Image is expressed but symbol is implied.

b. Image is literal and sensory but symbol is literal and concrete.

c. Image is implied but symbol is expressed.

d. Image is literal and sensory but symbol is literal and abstract.

18. In "Bright eyes peered at me everywhere", what does peered mean?

a. Looked

b. Shone

c. Watched

d. Smiled

19. In "The Man He Killed" by Thomas Hardy, the theme is

a. Death is inevitable

b. War is cruel

c. Friendship is great

d. Murder is disgusting

20. What do quaint and curious mean in the line "yes; quaint and curious war is!"

- a. Pleasing and eager
b. Dangerous and ugly
c. Sad and eager
d. Important and mean

21. What do *burning bright* and *fearful symmetry*, in the following lines, stand for?

Tiger! Tiger! Burning bright

In the forest of the night,

What immortal hand or eye

Could frame thy fearful symmetry

- a. Tiger and forest
b. Tiger's eyes and his skin
c. Tiger's hands and eyes
d. Night and forest

22. In the following lines, what kind of trope is incorporated?

In me thou see'st the glowing of such fire

That on the ashes of his youth doth lie,

As the death bed whereas it must expire,

Consumed with that which it was nourished by

- a. Metaphor
b. Allusion
c. Personification
d. Simile

23. In the following piece of poem, what images do you find respectively?

On the grassy banks

Lambkins at their pranks;

Woolly sisters, woolly brothers,

Jumping of their feet,

While their woolly mothers,

Watch them and bleat

- a. Visual - auditory - olfactory
b. Visual - tactile - auditory
c. Visual - gustatory - tactile
d. Tactile - olfactory - auditory

24. In which of the following options irony and hyperbole are seen?

- a. *So on we worked, and waited for the light,
And went without the meat and cursed the bread.*
- b. *And Richard Cory, on calm summer night,
Went home and put a bullet through his head.*
- c. *He was a gentleman from sole to crown,
And admirably schooled in every grace.*
- d. *But still he fluttered pulses when he said,
"Good morning", and glittered when he walked.*

25. What concepts do the terms "fire" and "ice" symbolize in the following lines?

*Some say the world will end in the fire,
Some say in ice.*

- a. Love - hatred b. Sympathy - anger c. Heat - cold d. Love - cold

26. Which trope is seen in the following lines?

*Have sight of Proteus rising from the sea;
Or hear old Triton blow his wreathed horn*

- a. Personification b. Synecdoche c. Allusion d. Metaphor

27. Statement that seems to be absurd or contradictory but is or may be true, is termed as.....

- a. Apostrophe b. Hyperbole c. Irony d. Paradox

28. *When the meadows laugh with lively green*

And the grasshopper laughs in the merry scene;

In the above lines "green" and "scene" are rhymes

- a. different b. identical c. internal d. end

29. In "*The eye of a little god, four-cornered*" mirror is compared to the eye, it is a

- a. Synecdoche b. Comparison c. Simile d. Metaphor

30. What is the synonym of hyperbole?

- a. Verbal irony b. Overstatement c. Understatement d. Irony